(LVIIth YEAR.) THE (No. 2859.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1801.

BERLIN, Auguſt 14.

GENERAL Bournonville, miniſter of the French republic, has made to our court, on the part of his government, freſh overtures for the ceſſion of the duchy of Cleves. It is pretended that Pruſſia will receive as an indemnity the biſhoprics of Munſter and Paderborn: That that affair is already terminated, and that there has been ſent a courier to Paris, to carry the affirmative anſwer of our government.

VIENNA, Auguſt 12.

Since Sunday the report is general here that a courier, from Conſtantinople has brought to the Engliſh ambaſſador the news that the reſt of the French army in Egypt, ſeeing the fate of Cairo has capitulated. This news requires confirmation.

FRANCFORT, Auguſt 23.

Pruſſia has voted againſt the erection of a monument to the archduke Charles. In doing juſtice to the archduke, particularly in what relates to the part he took in the peace, the Pruſſian miniſter obſerved, that that monument would always be a mournful recollection to the German nation, becauſe it would recal to poſterity the moſt diſaſtrous and leaſt neceſſary war that had ever been undertaken.

RATISBON, Auguſt 19.

The miniſters of Pruſſia, Saxony and Mentz, are hitherto the only ones that have received inſtructions; thoſe of Pruſſia proceed principally on the four following points:

1. Determination of the ſtates of the empire, which are to be indemnified.

2. Deſignation of the poſſeſſions that are to be compriſed in the indemnities.

3. Fixing of the eccleſiaſtical ſtates that are to be ſecularized.

4. Modification of the ſecularizations and conditions upon which they are to take place. When theſe four points ſhall be decided, it will be for the princes who are to be indemnified to make propoſitions to the diet upon the moſt ſuitable manner of indemnifying them for the loſſes they have experienced. The miniſter of Pruſſia is charged to demand that theſe queſtions be treated at the diet, and to propoſe for that purpoſe a committee, compoſed of miniſters from Bohemia, Auſtria, Brandenburg, Batavia, Wirtemburg, Heſſe Caſſel, and Baden, without the intervention of eccleſiaſtical miniſters. He has communicated his inſtructions to the Auſtrian miniſter, and has agreed with them that he will not give any vote until they have received orders from their courts. We are the more impatient to know the inſtructions of Auſtria, becauſe they muſt naturally throw ſome light upon the negotiations that are known to be entered into between the courts of Vienna and Berlin, on the ſubject of the indemnities.

VIENNA, Auguſt 13.

A letter from Beccari in Auſtrian Croatia in the Adriatic, ſtates, "There arrived a few weeks ago, an Engliſh ſhip at Portoree, and a ſecond at Fiume, to purchaſe a great quantity of hemp and flax that had been collected at theſe ports: different ſhips, among others a Swede, took this cargo on board to carry it to England; before ſetting ſail, a courier from his Imperial majeſty, brought to the government of Fiume, the order not to let theſe veſſels ſail; there arrived a ſhort time after at Portoree, a commiſſary, who placed an embargo on the ſhips in that port; but the Engliſh ſhip, of 40 guns, reinforced by a corſair, loaded her guns, and declared, that if the meaſure was not revoked, and if the leaſt military preparations were made on ſhore to enforce it, ſhe would reduce the town to aſhes; this menace, ſupported by two Engliſh frigates, out at Fiume, and the other at Portoree, produced its effect; the embargo was taken off and the ſhips were to ſail immediately, under convoy of the two Engliſh frigates."

LONDON, September 4.

The following are the terms in which his majeſty, as elector of Hanover, gave his aſſent to the treaty of Luneville.

"CUM CÆTERIS VOTIS.—His majeſty king of Great-Britain, as elector of Brunſwick and Lunenburg, admits the extraordinary urgency of the circumſtances which accompanied the concluſion of peace, and which rendered it impoſſible to have the co-operation of the empire under the neceſſary forms which muſt have preceded it. But his Imperial majeſty having, in his high wiſdom, and from his conſtitutional ſentiments, recognized and given an expreſs aſſurance that the mode of negotiation which this extraordinary caſe has compelled him to follow, ſhall not be drawn into a precedent for the future, and neither can or ſhall in any manner prejudice the known and admitted right, aſſured by the conſtitution of the empire, which the electoral princes and ſtates of the empire poſſeſs, of co-operating in all matters and negotiations of peace.—His royal majeſty, in his quality of elector of Brunſwick and Lunenburg, does not therefore heſitate a moment to vote with his co-eſtates, that the treaty of peace concluded on the 9th of February, at Luneville, with the French republic, by his Imperial majeſty, in his own name, in that of the Germanic empire, ſuch as it has been communicated to the diet of the empire, by the Imperial decree of the 21ſt of February, be approved and ratified on the part of the empire."

A flag of truce arrived laſt night at Dover with diſpatches, and with Paris papers of the 31ſt ult. They contain not an article of importance.

It is ſaid that a convention was ſigned at Paris on the 10th of Auguſt, with one of the principal powers of Germany, (Pruſſia) by which that power accedes to the principles adopted by France in concert with Auſtria, upon the ſubject of the indemnities. The death of the elector of Cologne has certainly rendered the adjuſtment of this buſineſs leſs difficult than it would have been. There is every reaſon to believe that Pruſſia will receive the biſhoprics of Munſter and Paderborn.

A letter from Augſburg, of the 20th Auguſt, aſſerts, that the courts of Vienna and Berlin have at length come to an underſtanding reſpecting the eſtabliſhment in Germany of the grand duke of Tuſcany and of the prince of Orange. The firſt is to receive as a compenſation the country of Saltzbourg, Paſſau, and Berchtlſgad, which would found the ſouthern ſtates of the houſe of Auſtria. The Stadtholder is to receive the biſhoprics of Wurtzburg and of Bamberg, which, as well as the former ſtate, are of courſe to be ſecuralized. The emperor, has it is ſaid, already conſented to the king of Pruſſia being indemnified for the duchy of Cleves, and his other poſſeſſions on the left bank of the Rhine by the duchy of Munſter. A third and laſt point, on which the two rival powers are ſaid to have come to an agreement is, that the indemnities and the ſecularizations ſhall be regulated by the diet of Ratiſbon.

Immediately after the deceaſe of his royal highneſs the elector of Cologne, a courier was diſpatched from Vienna to Paris, with orders to reach that city in ſeven days if poſſible. From this circumſtance it is imagined that the death of his highneſs will accelerate the execution of the 7th article of the treaty of Luneville, and enable the public to judge to what extent the ſyſtem of indemnification will be carried.

The duke of Modena ſtill perſiſts in his determination not to accept of the Briſgau as a compenſation for the loſs of his dominions, and has now taken up his reſidence at Treviſo, in the Venetian ſtates.

The Duke of Branſchi Gueſti has obtained, by the intervention of the French government, the reſtitution of all the property which he poſſeſſed in the Ciſalpine territories.

Some diſturbances lately broke out in the Pruſſian ſhare of Poland; they were, however, almoſt inſtantly ſuppreſſed by the military force.

There has been a report that the French army is retiring from our frontiers, but which is not true. The expeditions which are fitting out at Cadiz are very great. Admiral Trugnet, who is arrived at Madrid remains there as French ambaſſador.

The Portugueſe army are gone into cantonments, and now that a Spaniſh ambaſſador is arrived, there is no doubt but the Engliſh packets will be prevented entering this port. There has been a violent fracas at Cadiz between the French general who commanded the batteries at Algeſiras and the Spaniſh commandant. The former abſolutely ſtruck the latter with his ſabre in the public walk, which, however, the Spaniard has not reſented.

September 6.

Yeſterday upwards of ſix thouſand letters, brought from Egypt by the Spider ſloop, were delivered from the poſt-office. Our letters by this conveyance do not contain any intelligence of importance, being dated previous to the fall of Cairo. They reiterate the reports communicated by way of Rhodes and Conſtantinople, that the garriſon of Alexandria was ſeverely preſſed by want, and that many of the inhabitants had been expelled the city, and conducted in the night across the old port to the neck of land which forms the lake Mareotis. The occaſion of this meaſure is variouſly ſtated, ſome of our letters imputing it to a conſpiracy amongſt the natives, to ſurrender the city to the Engliſh; and others, with more probability, (conſidering the ſtrength of the garriſon,) to a deſire on the part of the French generals to reduce the conſumption of proviſions by the removal of all unneceſſary hands. Some of theſe people have been conducted to the Britiſh camp, and make the moſt melancholy repreſentations of the ſituation of the inhabitants of Alexandria, who are deſtitute of every thing, and from their ſuppoſed diſaffection to the French, treated by them with extreme indignity and oppreſſion. They ſtate the republicans to be diſcontented, and only held to their duty by the expectation of ſuccour. They were informed of Gantheaume being on the coaſt, and elated by the circumſtance. The failure of his enterpriſe, it was expected in our fleet, would conduce to the ſurrender of Alexandria.

The French had conſtructed ſtrong batteries on the bank of the inundation made by the Engliſh; and our people had in like manner lined the oppoſite ſhore. We have gun boats on this lake (which in ſome parts is three miles broad) by means of which we could throw ſhells into Alexandria: but as the ſo doing would only injure the wretched natives without annoying the French to any eſſential extent, our commanders have humanely deſiſted from uſing theſe veſſels. The ordinary depth of water in this extenſive moat is about four feet; but it cannot be ſo drained as for a long time to admit the convenient paſſage of troops: and we apprehend that the ſiege, ſhould Menou have ſufficient ſupplies to enable him to hold out, will be prolonged by the impediments which this inundation will preſent to our operations.

The moat extends from the lake Mareotis to the ſea, in the direction of Aboukir, within about two miles of Alexandria, and on the eaſtern point runs cloſe to Cleopatra's Needle, which is within the French line.

Sir R. Bickerton, with three ſail of the line, including Le Tigre, had on the 18th June, rejoined lord Keith off Alexandria; on hearing that the enemy's fleet had appeared to the weſtward, his lordſhip diſpatched this little ſquadron along the coaſt to intercept them, reſerving only four ſail of the line to continue the blockade of Alexandria.

Sir R. Bickerton, on reaching his ſtation, ſent a brig in ſhore, when our people were informed by the Arabs, that the French had been there ten days before, and had plundered them of every thing worth carrying off. After an unſucceſsful cruiſe, the gallant admiral returned to Alexandria.

Our fleet at the date of theſe accounts, was perfectly healthy, and well ſupplied with proviſions; and our army, poſſeſſing a profuſion of every neceſſary, was much more healthy than could have been expected from the nature of the climate and ſervice.

Yeſterday diſpatches were received at the admiralty from admiral Cornwallis. By the ſame conveyance we received letters from the fleet to the 30th ult. at which period our force compriſed 27 ſail of the line, twelve of which were two deckers. The enemy's fleet, conſiſting of 35 ſhips of the line, were in the outer road at ſingle anchor, and in apparent readineſs for ſea.

Yeſterday a mail from Liſbon was received at the poſt-office, brought to Falmouth in ſeven days, by the King George packet. The only article of moment announced by this conveyance is, that a Britiſh ſhip of the line, it is ſaid the Warrior, is to be ſtationed at Oporto. This arrangement confirms the ſtatement that our commercial intercourſe with Portugal has not been interrupted by the conditions recently impoſed on that kingdom by France and Spain.

Admiral Pole's ſquadron, compriſing the St. George, Dreadnought, Ramilies, Powerful, Zealous, and Vanguard, were well off Liſbon on the 27th ult.

The outward bound Mediterranean fleet, after having cleared the Channel, has been driven back to Torbay by a ſtrong weſterly wind.

In conſequence of the number of meſſengers lately ſent to Germany expreſs, there are nine packets at Cuxhaven.

Lord Nelſon on Friday evening continued in the Downs. His lordſhip has during the laſt week, been joined by two more bomb veſſels and ſeveral gun brigs, which have been equipped in the Medway, for the purpoſe with great diſpatch. Independent of the veſſels off Boulogne and the Flemiſh coaſt, his lordſhip has under his command in the Downs, the Amazon, Aſkmaer, Leyden, York, Iris, and Anſon; Eugene, Garnet, Diligence, and Gier, ſloops; Zebra, Veſuvius, Volcano, Terror, and Diſcovery, bombs; Nancy and Victoire, fire-ſhips; Plumper, Bold, Defender, Minx, Ferreter, Eclipſe, Tygreſs, Bruiſer, and Snipe, gun brigs, with ſome hired cutters.

The enemy have brought down and mounted two hundred pieces of cannon to protect their anchorage at Boulogne, yet diffidant in their ſecurity in the event of another attack, they have conſtructed floating booms to prevent the approach of our veſſels.

In the late attack, the principal loſs ſuſtained by our people was from the enemy's artillery; they firing from the ſhore in platoons, at a diſtance in moſt caſes not exceeding forty yards. In ſuch our brave tars got to cloſe to the enemy, that amongſt all the wounded landed at Deal there was but one ball in

tract, the others having gone through. The torrents of ſhot that fell on this occaſion almoſt exceeded credibility. A midſhipman killed in one of our boats, a very fine young man named Gore, had five balls through him, three of which paſſed through his head; moſt of the oars were ſplintered, and in capt. Parker's boat 27 out of 30 men were wounded. One man belonging to the Leyden ſucceeded in looſing the fore-top-ſail of a brig, but in coming down was killed, and became ſo entangled in the netting, that every attempt by our people to cut him out on their retreat was ineffectual; with this exception, however, they brought off their dead.

Amongſt the wounded taken to the hoſpital at Deal was a man who loſt the entire of his face from his eye-brows to his under jaw, the ball or ſplinter having carried away his eyes, noſe and cheeks—he, however, lived for four days in this condition, in perfect poſſeſſion of his ſenſes; on entering the hoſpital he took off his ſhoes waſhed his hands, and tied his own neck cloth, and in writing on the ſubject of his misfortune, he only regreted that he ſhould not live to ſee the ſucceſs of the enterpriſe.

We are informed that the hovellers or ſmugglers of Deal were appriſed of the Boulogne flotilla being chained to the ſhore, and that the veſſels were provided with boarding netting, previous to the ſailing of lord Nelſon, but withheld from his lordſhip's knowledge a communication ſo important either from diſaffection, or an unwillingneſs to endanger their future intercourſe with the enemy's ports by the diſcloſure. Should ſuch be the fact (and the conduct of the Deal boatmen on the ſubject of this expedition affords ſome colour to the report,) we truſt a puniſhment, horrid as the offence, may be deviſed to overwhelm the traitors.

The average price of ſugar, for the week, ending September 2, is 46s. 1 1-4d. per cwt. And of rice, no return is made.

It is ſtated, but with what degree of truth we know not, that the cabinet of Berlin has announced to our court, the intention of his Pruſſian majeſty to withdraw his troops from the electorate of Hanover, as immediately as the indemnities on the Rhine are adjuſted.

On Friday evening the outward bound Baltic fleet, conſiſting of about 80 veſſels, under convoy of the Harpy, was joined by 11 ſhips off Yarmouth.

In conſequence of the diſpute amongſt the India proprietors, about the expediency of enlarging the ſyſtem of ſhipping, Mr. David Scott, the chairman, has reſigned his ſeat.

The frieght of goods from India at preſent is 22l. a tun, or 22s. per cwt. wich is about 2 1-2d. per lb. If the ſyſtem of ſhipping that is propoſed takes place, it would be only 12l. that is to ſay, not 1 1-2d.

Sir G. Warren was ſuddenly taken ill on Sunday night, at Tunbridge Wells, and expired in leſs than an hour. A ſingular circumſtance in his hiſtory was, that after a ſeparation decreed in the eccleſiaſtical court between him and his lady, in conſequence of diſagreements merely the reſult of contrariety of tempers, they again came together, and lived with each other until death pronounced a more durable divorce.

ALGIERS.—It was ſtated in the German prints lately received, that an Engliſh and Turkiſh ſquadron was about to ſail from Egypt for Algiers, to enforce the regular payment of the tribute due by the dey to the Porte; the report is in toto erroneous, and is ſuppoſed to have been propagated by the agents of Buonaparte, with a view to promote a negotiation which he has been for ſome time ineffectually endeavouring to conclude with Algiers.

The fact is, that the dey of Algiers is not tributary to the Porte; but on the contrary is frequently ſubſidized by the ſignior for any aſſiſtance he may render to him. The amount of this ſubſidy is regulated by the nature of the ſervice, and is generally paid in tar, cordage, and other articles of naval ſtores.

The dey is bound to the Porte by a political league, offenſive and defenſive; but the obligations are mutual, and do not affect the independence of the former.

It is a fact, not generally known, which ſhews the power of Algiers, and the extreme degradation and degeneration of the Spaniards, that by the peace ſome years ſince with theſe freebooters, when Oran was ſurrendered to them, his Catholic majeſty was compelled by one of the inſulting conditions of the treaty, to change the Spaniſh colours from white to red.

NEW-YORK, October 16.

It is with great pleaſure we inform our readers, that for the twenty-four hours preceding yeſterday afternoon at four o'clock, only three caſes of the fever had been reported to the reſident phyſician; and, ſhould the preſent pure, northerly wind continue till Monday, we are in hopes of witneſſing the immediate return of thoſe who have left the city.

PHILADELPHIA, October 16.

We have no information on which to rely, reſpecting the preſent ſituation of New-York. Much exaggeration is uſually in circulation on ſuch occaſions. We are diſpoſed to hope, that the affliction of that city is not ſo ſevere as is generally repreſented; and that the approach of cool weather will ſpeedily reſtore its inhabitants to health and proſperity.

The mayor of the city of New-York, in conſequence of the practitioners of phyſic in that city not having complied with the directions of the "act to provide againſt infectious and peſtilential diſeaſes, which requires them to report forthwith to the health officer every caſe of peſtilential or infectious diſeaſe) has cauſed the ſaid act to be publiſhed, in order that the penalty thereof may be fully enforced againſt any practitioner of phyſic, who ſhall contravene the ſaid directions.

October 19.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS.

"NEW-YORK, October 17.

"At this moment there are ſeveral veſſels coming up, viz. one from London in 37 days, one from Guadaloupe, one from St. Croix, the brig Elizabeth, from Barcelona and Gibraltar, 40 days from the latter, and a veſſel from Bourdeaux, in 34 days.—So you may expect news.

"Almoſt all the houſes and ſtores within a quarter of a mile of the Tontine coffee houſe are ſhut—notwithſtanding this it is at the preſent period extremely healthy, except a very few caſes indeed of yellow fever."

Extract of a letter from Malaga, to a merchant in this city, dated Aug. 9.

"There are now ſix American veſſels in Algeſiras. Three of them have been condemned. Among the number is the ſhip Molly, Flinn, of Philadelphia."

October 20.

The New-York Gazette of yeſterday ſays, "the mate of the brig Mary, from Bourdeaux, informs us, that at the time the veſſel left that port the greateſt exertions were making to procure men, for a ſecret expedition, ſaid to be of conſiderable importance."

Extract of a letter, dated Malaga, Auguſt 26.

"This year you will receive a very ſhort ſupply of new fruit, as on account of quarantine, which is ſtill in force on all veſſels from the United States, few American veſſels have ventured this way."

GIBRALTAR, Auguſt 14.

Dear Sir,

I have only time to tell you, the two Tripolitan cruiſers having had a further deſertion, they have haled into the new Mole, to lay up, as they ſay, in the two veſſels they can only muſter 26 to 30 men, officers and all together.

I am truly, dear Sir,
Your obedient ſervant,
JOHN GAVINO.

Wm. Kirkpatrick, American conſul at Malaga.

Malaga, 26th Auguſt, 1801.

A true copy,
(Signed) WM. KIRKPATRICK.

October 21.

IMPORTANT.

We underſtand that the chamber of commerce of this city, having preſented to the preſident of the United States a remonſtrance on the ſubject of depredations committed and threatened from the Spaniſh port of Algeſiras, have received from the office of ſtate, official intimation, that the intereſts of the United States, thus ſuffering, will engage the immediate attention of the preſident—that he will order without delay the proper repreſentations and demands to be made to the Spaniſh government; and will take into conſideration, with the ſolicitude due to the object, how far any other meaſures, within the authority of the executive, may contribute to arreſt the progreſs of ſo ſerious and ſo UNWARRANTABLE an aggreſſion of the LAWFUL purſuits of our commerce.

October 22.

Private letters from Egypt, of a date antecedent to our laſt official accounts, repreſent the ſituation of the garriſon of Alexandria as deſperate from the want of proviſions, from diſaffection, and from diſappointment; and its ſpeedy ſurrender is looked for.

WASHINGTON CITY, October 22.

William Whann is appointed caſhier of the bank of Columbia.

On the 12th inſtant, Mr. Blicher Olſen, was received by the preſident of the United States in the character of miniſter reſident of his majeſty the king of Denmark, with which he has been cloathed; and on the next day an Exequatur iſſued to him as conſul general of his ſaid majeſty.

Extract of a letter from Tunis, dated June 1st, 1801.

"On the 27th ult. entered two corſaires of the government from a cruiſe, a xebec of 24 twelve-pounders, and a corvette of 20 braſs nines, which had been boarded and diſarmed by a French detachment commanded by vice-admiral Gantheaume. The affair is ſo novel, ſo well done, and at the ſame time ſo laconic, that it ſeems worthy of detail. "Who are you?" hailed the republican. "Tuniſines," was the anſwer. "Whom do you cruiſe againſt?" Neapolitans." "What! Do you not know that the Neapolitans are our friends? Dare you inſult the allies of Frenchmen! *Overboard in an inſtant every offenſive weapon, or I ſend you to the bottom!*" The order was promptly obeyed. "Go make the compliments of the firſt conſul to the bey your maſter. Tell him it was not his intention to have regarded your breach of faith in renewing the war. You might have remained tranquil and undiſturbed at home; but if we find you abroad in ſearch of miſchief we deprive you of the means. Tell him to beware of provoking the reſentment of the firſt conſul, it will be terrible to him and his country." The admiral wrote to the bey in the ſame ſtyle. His chagrin and mortification may be better imagined than deſcribed. Theſe were two of his beſt cruiſers, but the contempt is more grating than the injury done him. He cannot aſpire to avenge himſelf of the French. He dares no more look for prey from Italy. What ſhall he do? The Americans are a ſpecies of Chriſtians ſomewhat ſimilar in their religion and government to the French, and muſt therefore expiate the affront. We are now the only nation on earth againſt whom Barbary can ſafely cruiſe; the Spaniards are included in the liſt of French allies. For theſe reaſons, this example of the French, though it is the only one worthy of imitation with theſe people that has happened latterly, is extremely prejudicial to our affairs, and its influence is inſtantaneous. Since it took place the bey has totally changed his tone of treatment."

THE ſubſcriber being appointed truſtee by the honourable the High Court of Chancery for the purpoſe of ſelling and conveying a tract of land mortgaged by Samuel Hanſon and John B. Hanſon, of Charles county, to Joſeph Riddle and James Dall, merchants, of Alexandria, will offer the laid land for ſale, on the premiſes, on Tueſday the 22d day of December next, if fair, if not on the firſt fair day thereafter; this land lies on the Patowmack river, in Charles county, about thirty miles below Alexandria, is well adapted to the produce of wheat, tobacco, and Indian corn, has on it an excellent fiſhery, contains about eight hundred acres, and is, perhaps, better ſupplied with wood and timber than any tract of its ſize on the river. The land will be ſold in lots, or entire, as may beſt ſuit thoſe who are intereſted in the ſale, and the purchaſer will be required to pay the money immediately, or on the ratification of the ſale by the chancellor.

HENRY H. CHAPMAN, Truſtee.

Charles county, October 21, 1801. 1

IN conſequence of a report which has been circulated reſpecting my leaving this place, I take this method of informing my friends in particular, and the public in general, that I mean to carry on the tanning buſines as uſual, and at the ſame place. I am now prepared to receive hides to tan from thoſe who will pleaſe to favour me with their cuſtom, on the following terms, to wit: Hides at 15/. each, or one half for the other, kip-ſkins at 8/8 each, and calf-ſkins at 5/7½, and will purchaſe at the market price, as will ſuit. I hope my former attention will merit a continuance of the favour of my cuſtomers, and it ſhall be my conſtant endeavour to give general ſatisfaction.

W. W. NORMAN.

N. B. The above leather will be finiſhed in the neateſt manner for ſhoe-makers and all other of my cuſtomers.

Annapolis, October 24, 1801. 1

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that I ſhall petition the general aſſembly of Maryland for an act of inſolvency.

THOMAS BOND.

Saint-Mary's county, September 10, 1801.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ſubſcriber intends to petition the general aſſembly of Maryland, at the enſuing ſeſſion, for an act to relieve him from debts which he is unable to pay.

JOSEPH BOARMAN, of RAPHAEL.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons that may have any claims againſt the eſtate of TALBOT SHIPLEY, to bring their accounts, legally authenticated, on or before the firſt day of December next, that they may be diſcharged, if not, they may abide by the conſequences, as I mean to be governed by the inſtructions of the court.

RACHEL SHIPLEY, Adminiſtratrix.

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of JOSEPH DANALSON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, are hereby deſired to exhibit them for payment to the ſubſcriber, on or before the firſt day of May next, otherwiſe they will be excluded from a dividend of ſaid eſtate.

SAMUEL WARFIELD, Adminiſtrator.

October 24, 1801.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, a negro woman named MILLEY, about twenty-two years of age, and five feet high, is likely, and of a yellowiſh complexion; ſhe has been ſeen at her mother's, near Mr. Ridout's mill, on the north ſide of Severn river, where it is likely ſhe will be harboured. The above reward will be given for bringing her home, or ſecuring her in any gaol, ſo that I get her again.

SETH SWEETSER.

Annapolis, October 20, 1801. 1

COMMITTED to my cuſtody, on the 7th inſt. a negro lad who calls himſelf PETER, and ſays he ran away from a Mrs. GRAY, of Baltimore-town, in the ſpring of the year 1800; Peter appears to be 18 or 20 years of age, about five feet one inch high, ſlender made, has loſt all the toes from his left foot, and part from his right, ſays he was brought from the Weſt-Indies when ſmall by a captain Fale, and left with the above-mentioned Mrs. Gray; his cloathing is a Ruſſia ſheeting ſhirt, ſtriped nankeen coat, ſtuff jacket, old coarſe hat. His owner, if any, is requeſted to take him away, otherwiſe he will be ſold for his priſon fees, and other charges.

THOMAS PRICE, Sheriff of Charles county.

October 20, 1801.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of MARY DULANY, late of this city, deceased, are requested to bring in the same, duly authenticated, and those indebted to the said estate, to make immediate payment, to

WALTER DULANY, Executor.

Annapolis, October 21, 1801.

The late dwelling-house of the said Mary Dulany will be rented for one, two, or three years, and the lots adjoining; the lots will be rented with the house or separately. 2

FOR SALE,

SEVERAL NEGROES belonging to the above estate, viz. a gardener, a carpenter or joiner, and two girls, one supposed to be about sixteen or seventeen, the other about thirteen or fourteen years of age. 1 W. D.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, letters testamentary on the estate of major RICHARD CHEW, late of the said county, it is therefore requested that all persons indebted to said estate will make payment, and all those who have any claims will bring them in, properly authenticated. The subscriber also gives notice, that by virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, he will, on Wednesday the 25th day of November next, expose to public sale, the personal estate of the said Richard Chew, consisting of a number of valuable negroes, men, women and children, horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, and nine valuable mules, all the plantation utensils, household and kitchen furniture, together with the crop of corn, tobacco and fodder: A part of the above property will be sold for cash, the remainder on a credit of nine months, the purchaser or purchasers giving bond, with approved security.

JOSEPH WILKINSON, Cal. county, executor.

October 20, 1801. 2

NEW GOODS.

Now opening at the subscriber's store, opposite Messrs. Turner and Smith, Church-street, Annapolis,

A general assortment of FALL and WINTER GOODS, among which are,

BROAD and second cloths, Bath coatings, plains, half-thicks, rose and match-coat blankets, carpets, &c. fancy cords, velverets, corduroys, thicksets, swandowns, &c. red, yellow, and white flannels, blue, green, brown, and black bombasets and striped wildbores, moreens, durants and Joans, dimities, muslins, humhums, calicoes, shawls, black and fancy pattent'd silk handkerchiefs, men and womens worsted and cotton hose, men and boys hats, Irish linens, from 3s. to 7s. 6d. per yard, German dowlas, ticklenburgs, oznabrigs, &c.

A very extensive assortment of the best manufactured tin wares, warranted good, Japanned ditto. Likewise masters of vessels and planters supplied in ten minutes with *slops*, warranted well made, and at the most reduced prices. As the subscriber constantly keeps up a very general assortment of blank books of all sizes, school ditto, paper, wax and wafers, playing cards. &c.

GROCERIES.

Antigua spirit, New-England rum, French brandy, Holland's gin, whiskey, hyson, hyson-skin and souchong teas, loaf, lump and brown sugars, pepper, powder and shot, tobacco, and snuff, all of which he offers for sale on the lowest terms, and flatters himself they will give general satisfaction.

October 21, 1801. STEPHEN CLARK. 2

STEPHEN RUMMELLS,

Boot and Shoe-Maker,

Corn-Hill-street, Annapolis,

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the public at large, and his customers in particular, for past favours, and hopes they will continue their custom as usual, he assures them that nothing shall be wanting on his part to give complete satisfaction. He has laid in the best materials, and will execute his work in the neatest manner. Gentlemen may suit themselves with good and serviceable shoes for servants, on the usual credit. 2

ALL persons having just claims against the estate of the late HENRY NELSON, Esq; deceased, of Anne-Arundel county, are requested to exhibit them, legally authenticated, and all persons indebted to said estate are desired to make immediate payment to me.

RACHEL NELSON, Executrix.

Elk-Ridge, September 24, 1801. 2

A BATTEAU

TAKEN up adrift, at the mouth of West river, about nineteen or twenty feet long, and four feet wide, with a poplar stern, oak sides, and pine bottom. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges, on application to RICHARD MACE, living on West river, opposite the Three Sisters. 2

TAKEN up adrift, at the mouth of West river, a BATTEAU, about eighteen feet long, and four feet nine inches wide. The owner may have her again on application to BENJAMIN GARDNER, living near the Three Sisters, on proving property and paying charges. 2

NOTICE.

Pursuant to an order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, at the late dwelling plantation of HENRY HALL, deceased, near the Governor's Bridge, on Patuxent river, on Thursday the 12th day of November next, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter,

SUNDRY negroes, consisting of men, women and children, and also a quantity of fine horses and cattle, among the latter there is a full bred bull, equal in point of size and blood to any in the state. The sale to commence at 12 o'clock, when the terms thereof will be made known.

RACHEL HALL, Surviving executrix of HENRY HALL.

October 19, 1801. 3

NOTICE is hereby given, that the LEVY COURT of Anne-Arundel county will meet on the second Monday of November next, to settle the accounts of the several supervisors of public roads in said county, and to appoint constables. 2

LUSBY AND DAVIS,

Cabinet-Makers, Cornhill-street,

ANNAPOLIS.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends, and the public, that they carry on the above business in the house lately occupied by Mr. JOSEPH BREWER, where any person may be furnished with mahogany and walnut furniture, on the shortest notice, and most reasonable terms.

Orders from the country will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

October 20, 1801. 2

THE subscriber hereby gives notice, that he intends to apply to the next general assembly for an act of insolvency.

WILLIAM RAWLINGS.

Annapolis, September 28, 1801. 5

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly of Maryland, praying that a public road may be established through the lands of William Lyles and Aquila Johns, from the Tent Landing so as to intersect the public road leading from Slack creek to Digges's wharf.

Prince-George's county, September 22, 1801. 5

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, in the State of Maryland, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of WILLIAM CHAPMAN, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, all persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 28th day of March next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 28th day of September, 1801.

SUSANNA CHAPMAN, (now BEARD,) Administratrix. 4

Any claims against the above estate may be presented to Mr. Leonard Sellman, who is fully authorised to receive and settle the same.

SUSANNA CHAPMAN, (now BEARD).

Blacksmith and Farrier.

THE subscriber returns his most sincere thanks to the public in general for the liberal encouragement which he has met with since he commenced business; he takes this method of informing his friends, and the public in general, that he intends making an alteration in the price of all work done in his shop, which is as follows, viz. all machinery work, such as mill works of all kinds, will be done for one shilling, all cart and plough works at eleven-pence, spikes and bolts for vessels at eleven-pence, the rigging work will be done for one shilling all round, shoeing of horses all round six shillings, laying of plough-shares six shillings a piece, house work eleven-pence, all heavy plain work besides eleven-pence, and all other small, such as is not done by the pound, a liberal charge will be taken for the same. The above business will be done in the best and neatest manner, and quickly dispatched. All orders from the Eastern Shore, or any part of the country, will be thankfully received, and attention paid to them; he therefore hopes, by his punctuality and attention to business, to merit the patronage of a generous public.

SIMON RETALLACK.

N. B. The reason that the above business is made so cheap, it is for cash, or a regular credit to punctual customers. 5

S. R.

Corn-Hill-street, just below the Stadt-house, August 10, 1801.

Printing-Office, Annapolis.

PAYMENTS are earnestly solicited from all persons indebted to this office, and in a particular manner from those debtors who reside in the city of Annapolis, and in Anne-Arundel county. Necessity alone induces this second application, and it is sincerely hoped it will be noticed, and attended to.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, September 30, 1801.

ISAAC ANDREWS, Annapolis.

Arthur Bryan, Lenda Butler, Annapolis; Jacob Brown, Swan creek.

The Clerk of the General Court, the hon. the Chancellor of Maryland, John Callahan (2), Fanny Campbell, Mr. Causeway, William Caton (2), William N. Conner, care of Thos. M'Near, Annapolis.

James Davvidson, Joshua Davis, William Dorsey, Annapolis; Howard Duvall (2), capt. John Deale, (2), near Annapolis; Edward Dorsey, of Vachel, Anne-Arundel county.

Joseph Evans, Annapolis.

Louisa Ferguson, Annapolis; Larence Fannen, Anne-Arundel county.

John Gwinn, (13), Thomas Graham, George Grabe, Annapolis.

Jane Howard, (3), Robt. W. Harison, Samuel H. Howard, John Hurst, (2), Nicholas Harwood, Dr. Joseph Hall, Thom. Hewitt, Annapolis; Philip Hammond, near Annapolis; Sarah Hall, Walter Harrison, Richard Harrison, Herring Bay; Saml. Henry, Anne-Arundel county.

Thomas King, Anne-Arundel county.

James R. M. Lawe, Annapolis.

Fanny Mitchell, G. W. Murray, (2), Annapolis; Thos. D. Marriott, Anne-Arundel county.

Richard Owen, Annapolis.

John Phipps, West river.

Henry Quin, care of Hugh M'Guire, Annapolis.

William Rawlings, Richard Rawlins, James Robinson, Mr. Richley, John Rigby, Annapolis.

Fanny Shorter, Samuel Shepheard, John Sullivan, Annapolis; rev. Wm. Swan, White-hall.

James Thomas, (2), Mr. Toulson, (2), Annapolis.

John Wilmot, jun. James West, Annapolis; Joseph Watkins, near Annapolis; Charles Warfield, near Mrs. Aukard's; Gassaway Watkins, Samuel Ward, capt. James Walker, Dr. Charles Alex. Warfield, Marmaduke Wyvill, (2), Caleb Warfield, Anne-Arundel county.

William T. Yeldell, Annapolis.

S. GREEN, D. P. M. 2

Persons who send for letters are requested to send the money, or they will not be delivered.

NOTICE.

Will be SOLD, by virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas* to me directed out of the General Court of the Western Shore, on Thursday the 29th inst. at Henry Spurrier's tavern, on Elk-Ridge, formerly occupied by William Spurrier, deceased, the following property, to wit:

PART of the tract of land called HOWARD'S PATAPSCO RANGE, and four negroes, consisting of men and women, being taken as the property of John Plummer, at the suit of Mary M'Gill, use of Richard Ridgely, Esquire.

Also will be sold, at the same time, by virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*,

Seven hundred and fifty-eight acres of land, called PLEASANT PLAINS, taken at the suit of Rebecca Dulany, executrix of Daniel Dulany, against John Stringer, and alias heirs and terre-tenants of Richard Stringer.

Also will be SOLD, at the same place and time, by virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*,

John Worthington, use of Samuel Worthington, against Nicholas Gassaway, terre-tenant of Thomas Gassaway, two hundred acres of land, called MOREHOUSE'S GENEROSITY, whereon the said Nicholas Gassaway now lives.

3 HENRY HOWARD, Sheriff.

By virtue of sundry writs of *fieri facias* to me directed from the General Court of the Western Shore of Maryland, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on Wednesday the 28th instant, at 12 o'clock, at Elliott's tavern, formerly called Rawlings's tavern,

THE property of SAMUEL HARRISON, jun. to wit: CARTER, BENNET, and HARRISON'S RESURVEY, containing 1388½ acres, and five negroes, consisting of men, women, and children, taken at the suit of the State of Maryland, John Hammond, Richard and Bennett Darnall, and Benjamin Harrison, use of Robert Denny.

3 HENRY HOWARD, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

October 14, 1801.

NOTICE

IS hereby given to all whom it may concern, that I intend to petition the next general assembly for a divorce from my wife Elisabeth Leuder Gauline, for the reasons therein to be mentioned.

October 4, 1801. 3 J. B. GAULINE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I mean to apply to the next legislature for an act of insolvency. My reasons for taking this step are, that I am imprisoned by James Barry, as security for a debt which has been repeatedly offered to be secured to him, by property, but which property he has refused accepting, and as property of mine was carried out of the State by James Peircy, who owed the debt, to three times the amount, to secure which no steps have been taken by Mr. Barry, and from being so situated it has been out of my power to pursue it. I am therefore under the necessity of applying for relief to the legislature. 7

J. RAY.

September, 1801.

FOR SALE,

ABOUT 350 acres of valuable LAND, lying on a creek of Herring Bay, in Anne-Arundel county, 16 miles from Annapolis, 50 from Baltimore, and 32 from the City of Washington; this land is as fertile as any in the state, a healthy situation, as beautiful a prospect as is on the Chesapeake Bay, a good harbour, a fine situation for ship building, an excellent stand for a retail store, being in a good neighbourhood, and within a few hours sail of Baltimore; the waters afford excellent fish, crabs, oysters, and wild fowl; the buildings are valuable, a good dwelling-house, 90 feet long, with more than twenty good out houses, yards, gardens, and clover lots, 600 bearing apple trees, the fruit equal to any in the state, a peach orchard, cherries, damsens, plumbs, and nectarinds. Part of the purchase money must be paid, and the balance secured by good bonds, on possession being given. The land may be purchased at private sale before the first day of November, if not sold the advertisement will be continued, and the land sold at public sale, at the subscriber's dwelling-house, on the 21st day of December next, at 12 o'clock, if fair, if not the first fair day.

DAVID WEEMS.

October 5, 1801. 3

Pursuant to an order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, at the late dwelling of Mordecai Stewart, on South river, on Tuesday the third day of November next, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter, for READY MONEY,

SUNDRY horses, cattle, sheep and hogs, wheat and corn, some household furniture and plantation utensils, and also a few negroes for a limitted time. The sale to commence at eleven o'clock, and continue till all are sold.

3 X ANNE STEWART, Administratrix.

Pursuant to an order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Thursday the fifth day of November next, if fair, if not the first fair day, for CASH,

ALL the personal property of RICHARD MARSH, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, consisting of horses, cattle, sheep and hogs, and some household furniture. The sale to commence at nine o'clock, and continue till all is sold.

SARAH MARSH, Administratrix.

October 13, 1801. 3X

NOTICE is hereby given to persons indebted for taxes in Allegany county, that Mr. WILLIAM SHAW, now in the city of Annapolis, at Mr. Peaco's, is authorised to receive them during the general court, after which time, if not paid, the lands will be advertised and sold for the payment thereof, agreeably to law.

WILLIAM M'MAHON, Collector of Allegany county.

October 14, 1801. 3X

JOSEPH MERRIKEN,
HATTER,

BEGS leave to inform the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has removed his HAT-MANUFACTORY to a large brick house, next door below Mr. Neth, near the market-house, where he still continues to carry on his business in the most extensive manner. He has now on hand a general assortment of hats, which he will dispose of on reasonable terms; he will also give a liberal price for all kinds of furs.

N. B. He wants two apprentices to the hatting business.

Annapolis, October 12, 1801. 3

NOTICE,

THE partnership of LUSBY and TUCK is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

N. B. WILLIAM TUCK respectfully informs his friends, and the public, that he still carries on the cabinet business in this city, and hopes by his attention and punctuality to merit their patronage.

Annapolis, Corn-Hill-street, October 6, 1801. 3

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to apply to the next county court, to be held at Leonard-town, in and for Saint-Mary's county, on the first Monday in March next, for a commission to mark and bound part of a tract or parcel of land, lying and being in said county called HOPTON PARK, agreeable to an act of assembly, passed at November session, 1786, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands.

JOHN B. CARBERY.

October 5, 1801. 3

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the next general assembly for this state, for an act to authorise me to build a bridge across the Susquehanna Canal, to enable me to pass from one part of my land to another.

3 HEDWICK HOLLYDAY.

Cecil county, October 10, 1801.

The subscriber hath received his

Fall and Winter assortment of GOODS,

AMONG which are, seins and seine twine, and offers them on the most reasonable terms for cash, or on the usual credit to punctual customers.

JAMES MACKUBIN.

September 28, 1801. 4X

In CHANCERY, September 24, 1801.

Benjamin Mackall's heirs,
against
The heirs of George Gray, deceased.

ORDERED, That the sale made by JOSEPH WILKINSON, as stated in his report, of about 300 acres of land in Calvert county, contained in the two tracts called BIRKHEAD and REED, or MARSH LAND, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on before the thirtieth day of October next, provided a copy of this order be published three times in the Maryland Gazette, or served on the guardian of the defendants, before the seventeenth day of October next.

The report states, that the said land was sold for three pounds seven shillings and six-pence per acre.

True copy,

Test. X SAMUEL H. HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

JAMES MATTISON,
HATTER,

RETURNS his sincere thanks to those ladies and gentlemen who have hitherto favoured him with their custom, and respectfully informs them that he still continues the hatting business, and will be thankful for a continuance of their favours.

He has now on hand a number of hats, (and will still continue to have) which he is determined to sell on the lowest terms for cash. X

NOTICE.

THE partnership of TURNER and SMITH being dissolved on the 21st ult. all persons indebted to the firm are requested to make payment to the subscriber, who is authorised to settle the same, and those having claims against the said firm are desired to present them for payment.

ROBERT A. SMITH.

Annapolis, October 5, 1801. 4

THIS is to give notice, that I mean to petition the legislature of Maryland, at their next session, for payment of monies due me from the State of Maryland during the revolution.

MARY ANN ELIZABETH PRIESTLEY.

Annapolis, October 6, 1801. 4

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to apply to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for an act to release him from the payment of his debts, which he is entirely unable to discharge.

4 LEVI BUTLER.

Charles county, September 29, 1801.

THE subscriber having become involved, as special bail for Matthew Beard, to a large amount, far beyond his ability to pay, hereby gives notice, that he intends to apply to the next general assembly of Maryland for an act of insolvency.

JONATHAN BEARD.

Anne-Arundel county, October 7, 1801. 4

Slave in Custody.

COMMITTED to Saint-Mary's county gaol, on the 12th of September, 1801, as a runaway, a negro man, about forty years of age, by the name of FRANK, about five feet six inches high, very black, and has lost part of his fore teeth, says he belongs to a KINSEY GIDDINS, of Montgomery county; his cloathing an osnabrig shirt, and country cotton trousers, an old red plush waistcoat, one old red striped ditto, an old hat and shoes. His master is requested to pay his fees and take him away, or he will be sold as the law directs.

4 FRANCIS MILLARD, Sheriff of Saint-Mary's county.

September 19, 1801.

COMMITTED to Anne-Arundel county gaol, on the fourth day of September last, a negro man by the name of TOM, as a runaway, who says he is free, and is from the State of Virginia; this fellow is about 5 feet 8 inches high, speaks broken English, and appears to be about 40 years of age; his cloathing a coarse cloth coat, a green and yellow cotton callico ditto, osnabrig shirt and trousers, a pair of coarse shoes and stockings, no other apparel. The owner is requested to come and take him away, and pay all charges, or he will be sold for his prison fees.

HENRY HOWARD, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

October 1, 1801. 4

STOLEN,

ON Saturday night last, out of pasture, a bay HORSE, branded on the near shoulder and buttock I S, about 12 or 14 years old, 14 or 15 hands high, a light blaze, shod all round, low in flesh, of light make, and had a very sore back. The thief halted the next morning at Spurrier's tavern (Annapolis road) for breakfast. FORTY DOLLARS will be given for apprehending and prosecuting the thief to conviction, and TEN DOLLARS for information of the horse, and on his being regained. The horse is known at Annapolis by Mr. G. Grammer and young Mr. Quynn, and Mr. Ritchie.

4 ABNER RITCHIE.

Frederick-town, September 20, 1801.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the general assembly of Maryland, at the ensuing session, for an act to relieve him from debts which he is unable to pay.

X ROBERT SWAN.

By order of the High Court of Chancery, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC AUCTION, the following property, part of the estate of RICHARD A. CONTEE, Esquire.

On Monday the 30th day of November next, if fair, if not the first fair day, will be sold to the highest bidder, on the premises, on a credit of one and two years,

THAT valuable FARM, lying in Montgomery county, being part of SNOWDEN'S MANOR ENLARGED, containing 500 acres, adjoining the land of Mr. Richard Thomas, and distant 16 or 17 miles from the City of Washington, 5 from Montgomery Court-house, and 7 from Mr. Richard Owings's mill, on Patuxent river, with an overseer's house, kitchen, negro quarter, two tobacco houses, corn house, stables, and other out houses; this land is beautifully situated for planting or farming, and is healthy, and allowed by the best judges equal to any lands in the county, near one half of it standing in timber, and has several fine streams of water running through it, with about 40 acres of meadow land cleared, and may be laid down in timothy at a small expence, and as much more may be added. The purchaser to give bond, on interest from the day of sale, with approved security, for the punctual payment of the purchase money, on payment of which the trustee is empowered to give a proper conveyance; on failure in the first payment the indulgence will be forfeited.

On the same day and place will be offered for sale, and continue from day to day till all is sold, the negroes on said plantation, consisting of men, women, and childen, with all the crop of Indian corn, fodder, and tobacco, now hanging, likewise the stock of horses, hogs, and plantation utensils for ready cash. GASSAWAY RAWLINGS, Acting trustee for Richard A. Contee.

NOTICE, to all those that purchased the property of Richard A. Contee, in Montgomery county, in December last, that the trustee will attend at Mr. John Thomas's tavern, in said county, on the 2d and 3d days in December next, to receive the first payment due on said purchase. G. R.

October 10, 1801. 3

By the LEVY COURT of BALTIMORE COUNTY.

August 12th, 1801.

RESOLVED, That the inspector of tobacco at Fell's Point, in the city of Baltimore, pass no tobacco in hogsheads, the size and dimensions of which are not agreeable to the act of assembly, establishing and fixing the same.

"Act of November session, 1789, chapter 26, section 35, And, for preventing packing of tobacco in unsizeable casks, *Be it enacted*, That no tobacco shall be passed or accounted lawful tobacco, except tobacco in parcels, unless the same shall be packed in hogsheads not exceeding forty-eight inches in the length of the stave, and seventy inches in the whole diameter within the staves at the crose and bulge; and the owner of tobacco packed in any hogshead of greater dimensions, shall repack the same in sizeable hogsheads, as herein before expressed, at his own expence, before the same shall be passed.

The editors of news-papers in Alexandria, Frederick-town, Hagar's-town, George-town, Easton and Annapolis, are requested to publish the aforegoing resolution in their respective papers once a week for eight weeks successively, and transmit their accounts to the levy court of Baltimore county for payment.

By order,

3 WILLIAM GIBSON, Clerk.

LEWIS PISE,
Miniature Painter, from Italy,

HAS the honour to inform the ladies and gentlemen of Annapolis, and its vicinity, that during his stay he will, besides teaching drawing in its different branches, take off likenesses in a very elegant manner, and on moderate terms; he flatters himself he will give complete satisfaction to those persons who may employ him; he will give as good painting as could be expected for a much greater price than he intends to charge; he hopes to find encouragement, especially for the benefit of those scholars who have already a good beginning in drawing, having so few he could attend six more. He paints likewise mourning devises of all kinds, in a good stile. Terms for scholars eight dollars a month, four lessons a week, and five dollars entrance. He solicits the favour of the public, and engages to do every thing in his power to establish a permanent reputation, and hopes that the attention which will be shewn to all persons who may honour him with their commands, will be the best recommendation to expect an increase of real friendship from the public, as his abilities shall be exerted to please them. His place of residence, next door to Mr. Sullivan, carpenter, near the church.

October 7, 1801. X

TAKE notice, that all those who have any claims or demands against the estate of JOHN BOUCHER, of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to exhibit the same for payment, on or before the first day of November next ensuing the date hereof, legally authenticated, and passed by the judges of the orphans court of said county, or they will be excluded agreeable to law.

AMELIA BOUCHER, Administratrix.

Annapolis, September 15, 1801. 4

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.